

Table 10. Incidence rate¹ and number of nonfatal occupational injuries by industry, South Carolina, 2020

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Incidence rate ¹	Number of cases (thousands)	Percent relative standard errors	
				Incidence rates	Numbers
All industries including state and local government⁴		2.0	32.8	3.6	3.6
Private industry⁴		1.8	24.9	4.3	4.4
Goods producing⁴		1.7	6.3	4.7	5.1
Natural resources and mining^{4,5}		1.4	0.2	34.0	36.2
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction⁵		--	--	7.9	7.7
Construction		0.9	1.0	18.5	19.3
Construction		0.9	1.0	18.5	19.3
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	1.7	0.3	16.9	16.1
Utility system construction	2371	1.5	0.1	42.8	42.3
Highway, street, and bridge construction	2373	2.2	0.1	15.5	10.6
Other heavy and civil engineering construction	2379	1.1	0.0	10.4	8.1
Specialty trade contractors	238	0.9	0.6	28.4	30.4
Building equipment contractors	2382	1.2	0.3	34.1	33.2
Manufacturing		2.1	5.1	4.3	4.9
Manufacturing		2.1	5.1	4.3	4.9
Food manufacturing	311	2.8	0.5	9.7	11.6
Animal slaughtering and processing	3116	4.0	0.4	6.2	5.4
Animal slaughtering and processing	31161	4.0	0.4	6.2	5.4
Poultry processing	311615	2.6	0.2	2.6	2.0

Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	312	3.3	0.1	23.2	41.5
Textile mills	313	2.3	0.3	18.7	19.5
Textile product mills	314	1.7	0.0	63.6	62.2
Textile furnishings mills	3141	1.5	0.0	25.5	18.6
Wood product manufacturing	321	3.2	0.3	19.5	21.7
Sawmills and wood preservation	3211	4.3	0.1	22.9	11.6
Other wood product manufacturing	3219	3.3	0.1	40.9	29.4
Paper manufacturing	322	1.6	0.2	34.6	39.1
Printing and related support activities	323	1.4	0.1	48.2	57.1
Chemical manufacturing	325	1.7	0.4	18.9	19.4
Resin, synthetic rubber, and artificial and synthetic fibers and filaments manufacturing	3252	1.1	0.1	28.0	34.7
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326	3.5	0.8	9.9	10.5
Plastics product manufacturing	3261	3.6	0.5	15.1	15.7
Rubber product manufacturing	3262	3.4	0.3	11.2	12.3
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	327	2.3	0.2	36.9	31.3
Glass and glass product manufacturing	3272	--	--	3.8	6.3
Cement and concrete product manufacturing	3273	2.7	0.1	53.6	44.5
Primary metal manufacturing	331	2.1	0.1	26.5	18.1
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	1.7	0.4	22.6	24.2
Architectural and structural metals manufacturing	3323	1.6	0.1	52.3	36.2
Other fabricated metal product manufacturing	3329	1.6	0.2	41.2	45.9
Machinery manufacturing	333	1.5	0.3	14.7	14.3
Engine, turbine, and power transmission equipment manufacturing	3336	2.0	0.1	30.0	18.4
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	1.3	0.1	8.7	14.4
Semiconductor and other electronic component manufacturing	3344	1.6	0.0	4.9	8.0
Electrical equipment, appliance, and component manufacturing	335	1.2	0.2	14.8	16.1
Electrical equipment manufacturing	3353	0.9	0.1	32.2	33.8
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	2.1	1.0	6.1	12.6
Furniture and related product manufacturing	337	2.4	0.1	26.0	24.0
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	1.5	0.1	37.6	24.4
Service providing		1.9	18.7	5.6	5.6
Trade transportation and utilities		2.7	8.6	7.1	7.4
Wholesale trade		1.8	1.3	21.9	23.5
Retail trade		3.0	5.4	9.7	10.0
Transportation and warehousing⁷		3.1	2.0	8.4	9.0

Financial activities		--	--	--	--
Real estate and rental and leasing		0.5	0.2	28.5	25.9
Professional and business services		1.0	2.0	25.0	24.6
Professional, scientific, and technical services		1.1	1.1	44.6	43.4
Management of companies and enterprises		0.9	0.2	42.0	45.3
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services		1.0	0.8	22.8	23.0
Administrative and support services	561	1.0	0.7	24.6	24.6
Services to buildings and dwellings	5617	1.7	0.6	29.4	29.4
Landscaping services	56173	2.3	0.3	46.3	47.5
Educational and health services		2.5	4.5	11.0	11.2
Educational services		0.9	0.2	20.3	15.4
Health care and social assistance		2.8	4.3	11.3	11.7
Ambulatory health care services	621	1.3	0.9	21.2	21.7
Hospitals	622	4.8	1.3	2.1	2.5
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	3.5	1.1	10.6	11.8
Social assistance	624	4.1	0.9	46.1	48.5
Leisure and hospitality		1.6	2.5	13.7	14.2
Arts, entertainment, and recreation		0.9	0.2	32.2	33.2
Accommodation and food services		1.7	2.3	14.4	15.1
Other services (except public administration)		0.8	0.3	34.5	33.7
State and local government⁴		3.0	7.9	5.4	6.0
State government⁴		2.3	2.0	10.6	10.0

Service providing		2.3	2.0	10.6	10.0
Educational and health services		1.7	0.8	8.4	8.3
Educational services		1.0	0.4	14.2	16.2
Educational services	611	1.0	0.4	14.2	16.2
Colleges, universities, and professional schools	6113	1.0	0.3	16.7	19.7
Health care and social assistance		3.4	0.4	9.0	7.5
Hospitals	622	4.2	0.4	0.8	1.2
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	5.8	0.0	7.5	4.2
Public administration		3.2	1.2	17.1	15.9
Public administration		3.2	1.2	17.1	15.9
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	7.4	0.8	25.0	22.6
Justice, public order, and safety activities	9221	7.4	0.8	25.0	22.6
Police protection	92212	2.3	0.0	0.1	0.0
Correctional institutions	92214	10.1	0.7	27.2	23.8
Local government⁴		3.3	5.8	6.2	7.3
Service providing		3.3	5.8	6.2	7.3
Educational and health services		2.6	3.0	8.4	9.5
Educational services		2.2	1.7	14.1	16.1
Educational services	611	2.2	1.7	14.1	16.1
Elementary and secondary schools	6111	2.2	1.7	14.1	16.1
Health care and social assistance		3.3	1.3	6.3	4.6
Hospitals	622	3.6	1.1	7.2	4.7
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	6.5	0.1	15.2	15.9

Public administration		4.8	2.6	9.5	12.1
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¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as:

(N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ Data are coded using the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). For more information on the version of NAICS used in this year, see our Handbook of Methods concepts page: <https://www.bls.gov/opub/hom/soii/concepts.htm>.

⁴ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁵ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates of other industries.

⁶ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁷ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

⁸ Data too small to be displayed.

⁹ Relative standard errors were not calculated for mining, except oil and gas (NAICS 212), and rail transportation (NAICS 482).

¹⁰ Percent relative standard error less than 0.05.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dashes indicate data that do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 05, 2021